Forecast for Saturday and Sunday: Virginia.—Fair, cold Saturday; Sunday fair; fresh northerly winds. North Carolina.—Generally fair Satur-day and Sunday; diminishing northeriy winds on the coast.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

RICHMOND, VA. SATURDAY, DECEMBER 15, 1900.

VOL. 15. NO. 250.

INSANITY THE PLEA OF PRINCE

Acquittal Will be Asked for on Those Grounds.

CASE HALF ARGUED.

Under Instructions the Jury May Hang Him or Acquit Him.

ALLAN FIERCE AND SCATHING

field That Cannon's Death Was Murder in the First Degree-Refusal to Allow Prince's Confession in Evidence Will Prove a Strong Point in His Favor.

(Special Disputch to The Times.) NORFOLK, VA., Dec. 14. The trial of Prince for the murder of Cannon dwarfs in interest every other subject in Nor-

The instructions were given the jury today and the case was partly argued, and there is much difference of onlinon as to

the bench in the United States Court this morning every seat in the big room was occupied and the usual crowd that could net secure seats was packed into every

powerful man physically, is standing the ordeal in a remarkable manner, and looked better to-day than at any time during

clearly intimated that the defense's instructions to the jury were in the nature of an appeal to their mercy on the insanity of an appeal to their mercy on the insanity question. Mr. Thorpe thought this murder was an excusable homicale; that the prisoner had knowledge of adulterous intercourse netween his wife and the deceased. Mr. Thorpe said it was a question of samiy at the moment the homicide was committee. Frince, the defense believes, couldn't restrain himself and was slezed with an irresistible impulse. This point would no doubt be questioned; but it is now the law of the land that an irresistible impulse is a species of insanity and irresponsible. 'The prisoner is entitled to the benefit in a case of this kind,' said Mr. Thorpe.

KILLING NOT THE CRIME. "The act of killing is not the erime; the eriminal part depends on the mind, and we believe the prisoner is entitled to acquittal on the grounds of insulity at the moment the crime was committed. When insulity overcomes the mind, the mind becomes dull. We believe that the prisoner was impelled by in uncontrollable and irrespiration manufactures which he early not rewas impelled by no uncontrollable and re-resistible impulse which he could not re-suran, and the result should be excus-able homicide. There is no punishment for either 'excusable homicide' or 'justi-ficable homicide'; possibilities are regulated by God and not by man. The object of our instructions to the jury is for absolute

QUESTION OF JURISDICTION.

on Government or State property. The defence's line now is clear. They expect acquittal on the grounds of insanity, or, in case Frince is convicted, her strongest appeal will be that the crime was committed on State, not Government property, and that the prisoner was entitled to a trial in the State courts. If Prince is convicted and an appeal is taken to the United States Supreme Court, it will be interesting to know whether the highest court in the land will sustain this court or reverse the verdict of the jury and throw the case into the State Court, on which point the defense made such a desperate effort at the beginning of the trial.

trial.

Mr. Thorpe, of the defense, to-day argued that there was no proof that this crime was committed on Government property. Mr. Thorpe said the prosecution has failed to prove that this property, when it was ceded by the State of Virginia, carried with it exclusive jurisdiction.

IN MECKLENBURG.

"Oh, yes," interrupted the court in a spirit of pleasantry, "that's the home of the 'moonshiners.'"

"Yes, and there are some good people outside of moonshiners there," replied. Mr. Thorpe, and a general laugh was induiged in. Mr. Wilcox followed his associate very briefly, and Mr. Allan arose in behalf of the Government. He said the burden of preof on the part of the United States was to show that Prince was perfectly sane at the time of the killing. The Government objected to instructions 6 and 10 prepared by the desirections 6 and 10 prepared by the destructions 6 and 10 prepared by the do fense on the ground that they were cal-culated to confuse the minds of the jury

Mr. Allan contended there was nothing in the evidence to show Prince was mentally irresponsible at the time he fired the first shot at Cannon.

Mr. Allan said it is doubtful if the United States Court would have been burdened with this case had Michael Prince known when he stepped around the Citzen's Bank corner to kill Cannon that he was stepping on Government property he was stepping on Government property and would suffer the consequences of his

At the afternoon session Juoge wau-dill rend to the jury the instructions which shall gpide them in the rendering of their verdict. Under these they may find the prisoner guilty of murder and may say that the death penalty may still not be inflicted. They may find Prince guilty of murder with malice afore-thought, for which he shall die. They may find him guilty of manslaughter of acquit him. It is regarded as probable that the jury will fail to agree.

THE PROSECUTION. After the instructions were read Dis-trict Attorney Allan opened for the Gov-ermment. He said the killing of Cannon was murder in the first degree; that

his neck the prisoner might have smirched his wife's character, to which she, womanlike, consenced.

His arraignment of Prince was fierce and scathing.

POINT IN HIS FAVOR.

Judge Wilcox, for defense, followed. He said that the statement by Prince to Chief of Police Kizer, the day of the killing, which would have proven that his defense to-day is the same as it was on the day he shot Cannon, was excluded on the day he shot cathon, was excluded by the district attorney.

This is considered to be a point scored against the prosecution, for it is true Kizer was prevented from testifying as to what Prince told him when first arrested of what caused him to kill Can-

Judge Wilcox also said that Prince was mentarily insane when he shot Can-On this the defense appear to rely

To-morrow Mr. Thorp, for the defense will speak, and afterward General Allan will close for the Government.

EXPOSITION FOR CHARLESTON.

The League of American Municipalities Commend it to Congress.

(By Associated Press.) CHARLESTON, S. C., Dec. 14,-In the convention of the League of American Municipalities to-day the following resolution was adopted without a dissenting

"South Carolina Interstate and West Indian Exposition Company has been organized under a charter issued by the

ganized under a charter issued by the State of South Carolina, for the purpose of heiding an exposition in the city of Charleston, of the resources and manufactured products of the States of the American Union, and of the West Indies and of the Philippines.

"This elposition will open December 1st, 1901, and close June 1st, 1902. It has been projected upon the broadest possible lines, and deserves the hearty support and cooperation of all the States and cities of our country. It especially deserves the fostering care of the United States Government, and the League of American Municipalities urge, upon the United States Congress, now in session at Washington, the passage of a bill before the House in aid of this exposition.

"It is of the utmost importance that this measure be acted upon without delay, and, representing as this League does, the peo-

representing as this League does, the peo-ple of the entire country, it urges upon the members of the House immediate ac-

"Resolved, That the secretary of this Resolved, that the secretary of the League be instructed to send a copy of this resolution to the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and also a copy to the Congressmen of the various States represented in this League."

FIFTY YEARS OLD.

Dove Ladge, F. and A. M., Celebrates a Most Notable Event.

Dove Lodge, No. 51, P. & A. M., celebrated the fiftieth anniversary of its founding last night. The attendance at ast night's exercises was probably the argest that ever assembled at any sim-Har function held in the Masonic Temple, and among those present were some of the most prominent Virginians in the

Rev. Calvin Stewart, chaplain of Metro-Rev. Calvin Stewart, enaphan of Accident pointan Lodge, No. 11, made the invoca-tion. Prof. Felix Iardella, tendered a clarionet solo, and this feature was fol-lowed by the reading of an historic sketch of the lodge by Past Master Richard Fulor the longe by fast anster Richard Pul-ler Patterson. Though humble in its ori-gin Dove Lodge has grown to be one of the most influential bodies in the **B**tate. The sketch will appear in printed form. Mr. Stewart Hopkins rendered a tenor address of the occasion was sole, and the address of the occasion was made by Attornev-General A. J. Mon-tague, who is a member of Roman Eagle Lodge, Danville, Captain Frank W. Cun-ningham sang, and the exercises con-cluded with an elaborate banquet.

MEMBERS TO VOTE BY ELECTRICITY

Representative Otey Author of a Bill to Change Method of Vot-

ing in Congress.

(Special Dispatch to The Times.)

WASHINGTON, Dec. 14.-The Hopk'n reapportionment bill, introduced today, provides no better for Virginia than the Crumpacker bill, in that it cuts the representation down one. There is ever prospect that the opposition will succeed in forcing the Census Committee to adopt a ratio which will permit all the States to come in without the loss of a member. Mr. Otey is the author of a bill which

is apt to revolutionize the process of tak-ing a vote in Congress if it should become a law, it proposes to substitute an elec-tric device, adjusted in the rear of the Speaker's desk and directly in front of the main entrance, by which an yea and may vote will be recorded by each member nerely touching a button. The bill is in the ands of the Committee on Rules.

A Petersburg delegation was in the city o-day to urge a continuing appropriation of \$20,000 for the improvement of the Ap-nomation River and providing for an anmual expenditure of \$5,000. They were introduced to the Rivers and Harbors Committee by Senator Martin and Represen-

tat.ve Lassiter.
The delegation from the Richmond Chamber of Commerce had a further con-ference to-day with the Virginia delega-tion and other members relative to legisation in reference to pure food.

The Lawrenceville (Va.) postoffice has been made Presidential, with a salary of \$1,200 per annum.

Mr. Rixey to-day introduced a memorial from G. A. R. sources to acquire the lands comprised within the range of the Bull Run battlefield for a national park.

(By Associated Press.) KEY WEST, FLA., Dec., 14.—The Amercan Steamer Euroka from Port Tampa, bound at Massachusetts, with phosphate, which has been ashore near Rebecca Shoal Light, its been floated by the wreckers and brought into port. A survey will be theld on the steamer to see what damage was done, which was considerable. Sev-eral of the wretkers were also damaged while giving assistance.

Will Be Decapitated.

(By Associated Press.)
HONG KONG, Dec., 13.—Reports from Canton announce that several men have been arrested in the Hatping district on charges of having placarded offers of rewards for the heads of foreigners. was murder in the first degree; that hydrograms was an officer, sworn to execute the law, not to take it in his own hands. He attacked the creditability of Prince as a witness, saying that the prisoner had ample time between the murder and the trial to connive with his wife and have the letters prepared which were sub-

Close to Pretoria.

BOERS VICTORIOUS.

to Retire.

REINFORCEMENTS DISPATCHED.

Knox Reported to Be Engaging Dewet, and Many of the Latter's Followers Are Said to Have Been Capture 1-- Scenes at British War Office Recall Early Days of War

JOHANNESBURG, Dec. 14-3:25 P. M. and mounted men, under General French, have already gone. There have been many casualties on both sides. It is estimated that the Boers number

(By Associated Press.) LONDON, Dec. 11.-Lord Kitchener reports that after severe fighting at Nooitgedacht, General Clements' forces were asualties were not reported.

"PRETORIA, Dec. 13.—Clements' force at Nooitgedact on the Magaliesburg, was attacked at dawn to-day by Dearey, reinforced by Beyer's command from Warm Bath, making a force estimated at 2,500. Though the first uttack was repaised, the Boers managed to get stop of the Magaliesburg which was held by four comanies of the Northumberland Fussiliers.

"The casualties have not been completedy reported, but the fighting was very severe, and I deeply regret that Colonel Leege, of the Twentieth Hussars, and Captains MacBean, Murdoch and Al-kins were kided. Reinforcements have last here.

WERE REPULSED.

WERE REPULSED.

Lord Kitchener also reports that the Boers made an attack and were repulsed at Lichtenburg, and that General Letmer was killed. Attacks upon Bethlehem and Vrede were also repulsed, the Boers losing ten killed and fourteen wounded. Vreyheid was attacked December 11th. Sniping continued when the message was dispatched.

The scene of the fight is ominously close to Pretoria. Nooltgedacht is only twenty-two m les northwest of Pretoria. It is reported that General Knox, co-operating with the British column at Reddersburg, has stopped General Dewet and that a battle is proceeding.

The scenes at the War Office to-day call those witnessed in the early of the war. A constant stream of excited and anxious people filled the jobbles. The absence of the names of 200 of the offi-cers of the Northumberland Pushliers in General Kitchener's dispatch, leads to the foreboding that the four communies of the Fusiliers mentioned are in the

hands of the Boers.

The War office officials evidently expect a heavy casualty list, but they are hopeful from the fact that the dispatch does not mention the capture of the Northumberlands, that such a great catastrophe has been recovered.

een escaped. Orders were issued at Aldershot, Malta and other military centres to dispatch all the available mounted infantry to South Africa.

STANDERTON, TRANSVAAL. Dec. 13.—General Louis Botha is reported to be twenty miles from here with fifteen hundred men and one gun. He has called a meeting of the burghers for Saturday.

Exp et an Artack.

(By Associated Press.) LORENZO MARQUES, Dec. 14.-The

which is in that yieldity.

It is believed to be the intention of this force to make a dash upon the town.

The struction is regarded as serious. A force of 150 infantry, a squadron of cavalry and two guns were dispatched to the frontier today.

RETURN OF THE VOLUNTEERS.

Orders Sent to Manila for Their Return to the United States,

of War has cabled instructions to Major General MacArihur at Manila to begin the work of returning the volunteer troops from the Philippines in order to permit of their discharge in this country by the 30th of June next.

The action has been taken in anticipation of the authorization by Congress of the elistment of regular regiments to replace the recalled troops. Plans for the organization of the proposed new regiments have been perfected at the War Department and complete arrangements made for their speedy regulations and equipment. Action in this matter awaits only the approval of Congress.

It is hoped by the Secretary of War and military authorities that the bill for the re-organization of the army now before the Senate will become a law before Congress takes a recess for the holidays on the 21st. Instant. The records of the Department all tend to show that only a small percentage of the State troops are likely to serve beyond their present term of enlistment. The action has been taken in anticipa-

of enlistment.

The plans of the War Department for bringing home the valunteer troops are shown in the following cable message:

War Department, Adjutant General's Office, December 11, 120;
"MacArthur, Manika-Send volunteer convalescants to the capacity of the next transport returning, and a volunteer regitransport retaining, and a volunteer regi-ment by transport following. As you re-port 60,000 now the Secretary of War di-rects that you start home the volunteer regiments until the force is rduced to 60,-600 the number fixed, before beginning re-inforcements by regulars. Will send you rgular regiments to further relieve the volunteers.

"CORBIN." Manila, December 13th. Manila, December 13th.

To Adjutant-General, Washington:
With reference to your telegram of 11th, the Thirty-seventh Infantry Regiment, U. S. V. Infantry, sails on transport Sheridan January 1st, and the Eleventh Regiment, U. S. V. Cavalry, on January 15th. The movement will be continued as directed until completed. The Thirty-eighth Regiment, U. S. V., is in the field and cannot leave at present. Authority is re-

CHINESE R ADY TO N GOTIATE.

Li Hung and Prince Ching Have Received Necessary Authorization.

PEKEN, Thursday, Dec. 13.-Li Hung hang and Prince Ching have sent an offiial notification to the ministers that they ave received the promised documents autherizing them to act in behalf of China in the peace negotiations, and announcing that they are ready to proceed as soon is the ministers desire.

The fact that the British Minister to is Government to sign the joint note causastonishment here, as it is felt that there cannot be anything in the joint note there cannot be anything in the joint role to cause Great Britain to refuse to sign.

Mr. Conger says he believes China will immediate, y accept the terms imposed, and that she has it in her power to comply with the majority of them before spring, while the others can wait.

On account of the frost the Court will not be able to return to Pekin, nor will

On account of the frost the Court will not be able to return to Pekin, nor will the troops be able to leave until April. Mr. Conger personally believes that the Chinese have been taught a lesson by the Colonel Tuliock reports the discovery of

Co.onel Tulloci; reports the discovery of the body of the man who gave the British information regarding the treasure, hidden, as alleged by prisons connected with the Court of China, during the recent flight. He had been decapitated. The British have not yet reported the discovery of the treasure, but their return becaused to morrow. 's expected to-morrow.

BRITISH CONMONS.

Minister Would Not Discuss Nicaragua Canal. (By Associated Press.)

(By Associated Press.)

LONDON, Dec. 14.—In the House of Commons to-day, the attempt of Henry Norman, Liberal, member for South Wolverhamton, to draw the Government on the subject of the Nicaragua Canafailed, Lord Cranborne, Parliamentary secretary for the Foreign Office, contenting himsaif with saying that no communication had passed between Great Britain and the other European Governments with the view of cliciting whether they would agree to regard as neutral a canal occupied and fortified by the United occupied and fortified by the United

Mr. Gerald Balfour, president of the Mr. Gerald Barfolr, presented of the Board of Trade, announced that the board had received several communications regarding the extortion of "blood money" from seamm at Portland, Oregon. The matter had been brought to the attention the Foreign Office.

An Up-to-Date Journal.

Those who wish to keep informed on general interest to the public will find Sunday's Times a most readable and interesting paper. No pains have been spared to make this issue one that will ppeal to all classes. It will contain information on a variety of interesting subjects too numerous to mention. and all the news of the day will be

The news will be given the first place in the paper. This will include all the local happenings worth reading, omplete chronicle of the events of the day throughout Virginia and North Carolina by special correspondents, the reports from other news-gathering agencies covering the news of the United States and all foreign countries. The market reports, marine inelligence and society and theatrical

A number of clever writers have contributed their share towards making the paper a model one. Among the features will be a political article of great interest by C. C. Hughes, while Henry W. Lucy, the celebrated parliamentary reporter, will have an article on England and the Irish. United States Senator William Lindsay, of Kentucky, has contributed an article on "American Common-Sense and its Abflity to Solve a Great Problem," and United States Senator Morgan, of Alabama, will discuss the question as to whether we should be independent of England in extreme finance.

"Modera Croesus and an American Bride" will be an interesting story, and a valuable historical article on those who made the nation's capital will be well worth reading.

"Some Successful Leaders in the Virginia House of Delegates" will appeal to the local politicians, and a fine picture and description of the new building of the Mechanics Institute will be a good feature. Another most readable article will be noted Richmond belles, well illustrated.

There will be a unique story from Bristol about a preacher wto lacks only forty couples to make a thousand weddings, and the danger of the spread of smallpox in Virginia will be discussed; besides many other interesting topics. Gleanings from the State press and industrial matters will add much to the paper, and there will be railroad news, short stories, humor and wit and plenty of good reading for everybody. It will be a great paper.

HOUSE DID NOT COME TO A VOTE

About Half of Revenue Bill Disposed Of.

THE TAX ON BEER.

A Determined But Futile Effort Was Made to Further Reduce it.

COMMITTEE HAD TWO DEFEATS.

The Tax on Express Receipts Was Restored With a Provision Requiring the Company to Pay the Tax Instead of the Shipper - Debate Was Lively.

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, Dec. 14.-The House to day adjourned without disposing of more than half the war revenue bill.

General debate closed at 2 o'clock, after which the bill was opened to amendment under the five-minute rule. A determined effort was made to reduce still further the tax on beer, but the Ways and Means Committee overwhelmed the opposition. Originally the tax had been fixed in the bill at \$2 per barrel, with a rebate of twenty per cent. This was changed by the committee to \$1.60 flat.

Mr. Newlands, of Nevada, offered an amendment to reduce it to \$1.20, and Mr. Bartholdt, of Missouri, to \$1.50, but both propositions were badly beaten. The committee, however, sustained two signal defeats.

In connection with the beer tax, Mr. Payne offered an amendment in the lan-guage of the bill prepared by the House at the last session, designed to abolish the use of small beer packages-one-sixth and one-eighth barrels-but it was defeated by 85 to 94, after charges that its purpose was to crush out the small brewers.

TAX ON EXPRESS RECEIPTS. Another defeat occurred in connection with the amendment offered by Mr. Henry C. Smith, of Michigan. The bill abolished the one cent stamp tax on express receipts and telegraph messages, but retained the tax on railroad and steamship freight receipts. Mr. Smith's amendment restored the tax on express receipts, but altered the form of the section so as to provide that the commandes should make provide that the companies should make monthly statements of the number of pack-ages carried, and pay thereon a tax of one cent per package. The object was to compel the company instead of shipper to pay the tax. The amendment precipi-tated a lively debate, in the course of which Ar. Smith made a personal allu-sion to a United States Schator who is onnected with one of the express com

Mr. Payne vigorously fought the amendment, but it was carried, 123 to 166. Mr. Barney, of Wisconsin, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported the pension appropriation bill. Mr. Maddox, of Georgia, sought to re-fute statements made by Mr. Grosvenor

regarding the preparation of plates for the issue of bonds just prior to the adven-of the Cleveland administration in 1822 He produced figures to show that the \$8,000,000 surplus which existed when Mr. Harrison came into office in ISSO was dis-sipated during the latter's term and a de-ficit confronted the Cleveland administration when it resumed control in 1893.

Mr. Otey, of Virginia, appealed for a further reduction of the "appreasixe tax on tobacco." He said that 900,600.000 people used tobacco; 40,000,000 used coffee; 350,600,000 used oplum, and 100,000,000 used tea. Exact statistics on the users of whiskey, he said, he did not have, but it was be-yond controversy that tobacco was the solace of the world. Nothing, he said,

taved off hunger and thirst like "a chew of tobacco."

Mr. Lewis, of Georgia, said he approved of the bill, but protested that it d'd not go far enough.

go far enough.

An amendment was adopted, 123 to 23, to require the cancellation of stamps by per-Mr Kitchen, of North Carolina, offered an amendment to reduce the tax on man-ufactured tobacco and snuff from 12 to 6 cents per pound. The amendment was lost, 79 to 106.

Without completing the bill the House at 5:25 P. M. adjourned.

In the Senate.

WASHINGTON, Dec., 14.—Throughout nearly the entire legislative day the Senate was in secret session, discussing the Hay-Pauncefote treaty. No business of importance was transacted in the brief open session, except the adoption of the House resolution providing for a holiday recess to extend from Friday, December

21, to Thursday, January 3.

The president pro-tem, Mr. Frye, announced the appointment of Schators Hanna of Ohio; Spooner, of Wisconsin. and Jones, of Arkaneus, to make the necessary arrangements for the inaugu-ration of the President of the United States on the fourth of March next.

FRISCO STORM-SWEPT.

Houses Overturned, but No Fatalities Are R ported. (By Associated Press.)

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL., Dec. 14.-One of the most severe storms which ever visited San Francisco broke over the city

at an early hour to-day.

During the height of the storm several houses were overturned by the wind. One of the great receiving tanks of the San Francisco Gas and Electric Company was struck by lightning, the gas taking fire. No one was hurt in the explosion, but the tank was completely demolished.

During the storm the city was entirely cut off from telegraphic communication with the rest of the world. No marine dis-

capsized, but no one was drowned so far as known Much damage is reported at points at short distances from San Francisco, but so far no fatalities have been reported. The storm ceased almost entirely at noon.

asters of any moment have been re-ported. On the Bay several boats were

BASEBALL IN CHAOS.

National League Magnates Finish Their Meeting. (By Associated Press.)

existed in baseball before the annual winter session was begun still exists.

During the meeting the magnates

During the meeting the magnates reached these conclusions:

To turn down the Players' Protective Association flatly by refusing the players a rehearing of their demands; 10 game scheduled for next year; that the Eastern clubs will finish the season in the West next year; umpires shall be scheduled equality among the cities, each umpire officiating at the same number of games in each city; no club shall carry more than sixteen players during the season after May 15th; awarded the franchises of St. Pau. Minneapolis, and Kansis City to the Western League.

GOLU AND SILVER.

Production of the Procous Metals in the United States.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 14.—The report of the Director of the Mint on the production of gold and silver in the United States during the calendar year 1899 shows \$71,-63,400 for gold and \$32,838,700 for silver at its average commercial value during the year. (By Associated Press.)

year.

The gold product was the greatest in the h story of the country, exceeding that of 1888 by \$6,550,400. The silver product aggregated 54,764,600 ounces against 54,438,900 ounces in 1888.

The aggregate price for silver during the

The average price for silver during the year, on London quotations, was 60 cents per ounce, as compared with 53 cents in test The production by States includes the following, the figures being for gold value, and the second for silver at commercial

Georgia, \$113,000 and \$240; North Caro-Georgia, \$13,900 and \$249, North Carolina, \$10,-lina, \$31,500 and \$180; South Carolina, \$10,-l00 and \$210; Virginia, \$7,100 and \$60. The world's production of gold in 1890

Australia \$14,460,800.

The most important loss was in Africa, which fell about \$7,000,000 below the output of 1888, as a result of the war in the Transvaal, but for which the world's production doubless would have been \$25,000,000 areas.

output. The world's production of silver in 1899 was \$167,224,243 fine ounces, against \$165,226,572 fine ounces in 1898. Mexico leads, and Mexico and the United States produce two-thirds of the silver yield of the world. The world's industrial consumption of gold is estimated at 872, 658,500, and of silver \$24,595,600.

DEMANDS OF POWERS. Emperor Kwan Su Will Agree to Ten

of Them. MASS. (By Associated Press.)

the Powers:
First—Indemnity to the amount of 700,000,600 taels, payable within sixty years
and guaranteed by the Li Kin.
Second—The erection in Pekin Vot a
suitable monoument to the memory of

Baron von Ketteier.

Third-An Imperial Prince, a relative to the Emperor, to go to Berlin to apologize and express regret for the murder.

Fourth-Foreign troops to hold the lines of communication between Taku and

cials.

Sixth—Candidates from districts where anti-foreign outrages have been perpetrated, not to be allowed to compete in the Chinese examinations in Pekin for

to the Empress at all times.

Ninth-Importation o farms and ammunition into the province of Chi Li to Tenth-The land and sea forts between Shan Hai Kwan, Taku and Pekin to be

CHARRED BODIES IN THE RUINS

Seven Persons Perished in Flames That Destroyed Girls' School

in Dunkirk, N. Y.

(By Associated Press.) DUNKIRK, N. Y., Dec. 14.-From the mouldering ruins of the Fredonia Station Normal and Training School, which was destroyed by fire at 6 o'clock this morning, one charred body, supposed to be that of Miss Storms, has been recovered, and a revision of the list of missing makes it certain that seven persons perished in the fire, which also entailed a

property loss of \$200.000. There were seventy-five young women students in the building, of whom six perished. The other victim was the aged ianitor. The dead:

ORIGIN A MYSTERY.
The origin of the fire is unknown. fire started in the private room of Janitar Morris. Miss Fizzell was at the head of the fire escape, and turned back into the burning building to save a diamond ring.

firmly natied across the windows leading nrmiy naned across the windows leading to the fire escapes, and the only way the lucky ones escaped was by crawling through windows adjacent to the escape and then creeping along the gutter of the mansard roof. Lawyers say there will be damage suits instituted against the State because of the fire escape screens.

General Michael J. Butger Dead.

(By Associated Press.)

BIRMINGHAM, ALA, Dec. 14.—General Michael J. Bu'ger, a distinguished Confederate General and public man, died this morning at Dadeville, Ala.

General Bulger was the oldest Confederate veteran living, being one hundred was a member of the years of age. He was a member of the Secession Convention at Montgomery, and avcession Convention at Montgomery, and led the right against secession. He was a candidate for Governor of Alabama soon after the Civil War.

(By Associated Pres.)

MACON, GGA., Dec. 14.—A Southern Rallway freight train to-night ran into some cars on the Central's siding here and demolished a car of wagon, one of coal, one of cottonseed and an empty. Two negroes were crushed and buried wades the rules.

THE TREATY WAS **FURTHER AMENDED**

Supersedes Clayton-Bulwer Convention.

VIEWS DIVERGNET.

Disregarding the Treaty.

Senator Lodge, Unsuccessful in His Effort to Have a Day Set, Aunounced His Intention of Press. ing the Measure Until a Vote Is Had-Rumors of Hav's

WASHINGTON, Dec. 11.—The Senate Committee on Foreign Relations to-day held a special meeting and decided to recommend further amendments of the Hay-Pauncefote treaty.

The committee adopted an amendment suggested by Senator Foraker, which declares that the Hay-Pauncefote treaty

to be communicated, the pending treaty will be submitted to the British Government by the President, athough the administration has not the slightest idea that the convention will be accepted by the British Government.

Any expectation that the action of the

leave the Cabinet at present.

When the Senate went into executive session, Senator Lodge reported the two

VIEWS DIVERGENT. Senator Lodge made an effort to have

amendments agreed upon in committee.

sent necessary. Senator Butler finally entered objection. Senator Lodge stated, however, that he should press the treaty early and late until a vote could be had, and he afterwards declined to move an adjournment from to-day until Monday because of the

refusel to allow a day to be named for a Senator Culberson's view was to have the treaty faid aside and the Hepburn canal bill passed regardless of the treaty. Senator Spooner said that he could not accept the view that we should proceed in the great work in total disregard of the

in the great work in total disregard of the existence of the agreement of 1850.

Senator Lindsay spoke of the ratification of the treaty without further amendment, saying that he was for it because he considered some agreement with Great Britain a necessary precedent of the canal. Mr. Lindsay also announced his willingness to treat with Great Britain for the total abrogation of the Clayton-Bulwer treaty.

Senator McCumber also favored ratifica-

absolute independent action.

Shot at His Own Boor. (By Associated Press.)
PENSACOLA. FLA., Dec. 14.—John
Hallastre, a merchant, was fatally shot
last night by unknown persons. He was called to the door of his store after he had closed for the night, and as he opened the door two shots were fired at him, one penetrating the right lung and

Mr. T. M. Emerson, traffic manager of the Atlantic Coast Line, arrived in Rich-mond in his private car last night. He will remain in this city for several days.

(By Associated Press.) Choi Ft, on the train Chair, after youring his troops, plundering his baggage
and releasing some dangerous 'Eoxer
prisoners he had taken. These proceedings are regrettable, as General Mel-has
all along been active in suppressing the
'Boxers' and defying the Empress Dow-

SUMMARY OF TO-DAY'S NEWS.

Local.

-Five hundred dollars for a trunk. -Captain chosen for college football J. M. Harris to be taken back to West

State. -Acquittal of Frince asked on plea of

Virginia.

insanity.

—City of Petersburg summoned to appear before United States District Court in Richmond. -Case against oyster pirates takes turn unfavorable to defendants.

-House disposed of only about half of war revenue reduction bill. -The Hay-Pauncefote treaty further amended by Senate committee. -Violent storm sweeps San Francisco.

-Eleven persons injured in collision near Pittsburg, Pa. -Six young women burned to death in a fire in Dunkirk, N. Y. Firign.

Boers. -Battle still raging near Pretoria.

Knox. for peace.

When Judge Waddill took his seat on

BROTHER AT HIS SIDE. As usual Prince's brother, Jumes E. Prince, accompanied him. The prisoner, Mr. Thorpe in his argument at the start

Mr. Thorpe here began arguing as to where the crime was committed, on Government or State property. The

Mr. Thorpe began illustrating on the point of a similar case in Mecklenburg county. ves," interrupted the court in a

PRINCE RESPONSIBLE.

THE INSTRUCTIONS. At the afternoon session Judge Wad-

ON BOTH SIDES

Battle Being Waged

British Under Clements Were Forced

(By Associated Press.) The battle still continues in the bills : few miles from Kruzersdorp, General Clements has asked for reinforcements,

Porced to Retire.

compelled to retire by Commandant Delarey with a force of 2,500 men. Four British officers were killed. The other Lord Kitchener's official dispatch to the War Office, is as follows:

and were thus able to command Clements amp. He retired on Helspoort and took up a position on a bill in the centre of the

attle is proceeding. The report adds that many of General SCENES AT WAR OFFICE.

Botha Has a Large Force. (By Associated Press.

British troops at Koomathoort are standing to arms in the expectancy of an attack by a Boer force of fifteen hundred,

(By Associated Piess.) WASHINGTON, Dec., 14 -- The Secretary

Regiment, U. S. V., is in the field and cannot leave at present. Authority is requested to regular officers in the volunteer service whose regular organizations are here; also volunteer officers now assigned to special duty, who so desire, with a view to muster out June 30th. An important question of policy is involved, as the departure of volunteers almost renders it impossible to furnish officers for special duty, the necessities for which are increasing. Transport Sherman leaves December 15th with about 560 volunteer convalescents, and the transport Warreh December 22d with the same number. Any remaining will go on transport Sheridan Leaventy 1st. ng will go on transport Sheridan

(By Associated Press.)

China has not yet received authority from

telligence and society and theatrical news will have much space. Religious, sporting and literary matters will be carefully handled, and book reviews, woman's world and lashook reviews, woman's world and lashook reviews, woman's world and lashook will be given attention.

There will be interesting features and well edited departments. The paper will be handsomely illustrated, and there will be many local articles of unusual interest. Itoliday shopping at this seas-on of the year will find many read-rs, while the editorial pages and the exchanges will make interesting and instructive reading.

A number of clever writers have contributed their share towards making the paper a model one. Among the

NEW YORK, Dec. 14.—The National League magnates have completed their annual winter meeting. The chaos that

was of the value of \$306,584,900, an increase of \$19,156,300 over 1898. The principal gains were \$6,530,400 in the United States; \$7,485,600 in Canada (mainly in Klondike), and Australia \$14,460,500.

The Klondike, 1899, was about \$16,000,000

TIEN TSIN, Dec. 14.-According to creditable Chinese sources Emperor Kwan Su will agree to the following ten demands of

Fifth-Punishment of the Boxer offi-

five years.

Seventh-Obolition of the Tsung "Li Lamen.
Eighth-Foreign Envoys to have access

Senator Elkins reiterated his views for

Janitor. The dead:

Phineas J. Morris, Janitor; Irene Jones, of Busti, N. Y.; Bessie Hathaway, of Cannonsville, N. Y.; Ruth Thomas, Pike, N. Y.; Cora Storms, of Boston, N. Y.; Mae Williams, of Lake Coma, Pa.; Maud 5. Fizzell, of Bradford, Pa.

Pe young women occupied rooms on the third floor of the building.

ORIGIN A MYSTERY

thus losing her life.
It is stated that heavy wire screens were

Two Negroes K Red.

under the ruins. They were working in the cottonseed. Various Senators Want Canal Built NO TIME AGREED ON FOR A VOTE

Resignation Denied.

(By Associated Press.)

supersedes the Clayton-Bulwer treaty, and also strikes out of the Hay-Pauncefote agreement article 3, which permits the submission of the Hay-Pauncefote treaty to other Powers and invites their acceptance of it. Unless resolved into such form as to make it an absolute discourteous matter

Any expectation that the action of the Senate yesterday would result in the immediate retirement of Secretary Hay from the Cabinet is negatived by the fact that the Secretary has not resigned, and according to his own statement, will not

a day set for the taking of a vote upon the treaty. He suggested next Thursday as the generally acceptable time, but did not succeed in getting the unanimous con-

shattering a rib.

There is no clue to his assailants. T. M. Emerson Here.

Policy of Extermination. LONDON, Dec. 15,-"The Germans are still following a policy of extermination," says a dispatch to the Standard from Tien Tsin, dated yesterday. "A German force has just returned from an expedi-tion against General Mei (?) at Tsan Chou Fu. on the Grand Canal, after rout-

-Carnegie reported to be after the Richmond and Tidewater Railroad.
-Dove Lodge celebrates semi-centennial. -Pathetic case in Police Court.

General,

-British suffered defeat at hands of

-Dewet said to be cornered by General -Chinese ready to begin negotiations